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(71)Name of Applicant:

1)Dr Bhupesh Goyal

Address of Applicant :Professor & Head School of Physiotherapy & Occupational Therapy Vivekananda Global university / VIT campus Sector 36, NRI road, Jagatpura Jaipur Rajasthan Jaipur ----------------------------------

2)Dr. Smita Prakash Wankhedkar

3)Dr. Brijesh Sathian

4)Prachi Subhash Giri

5)Dr. Riya K S

6)Dr. Om Teraiya

7)Mr. Jonnala Subba Reddy

8)Dr Harishchander Anandaram

Name of Applicant : NA Address of Applicant : NA (72)Name of Inventor :

1)Dr Bhupesh Goyal

Address of Applicant :Professor & Head School of Physiotherapy & Occupational Therapy Vivekananda Global university / VIT campus Sector 36, NRI

road, Jagatpura Jaipur Rajasthan Jaipur -----

2)Dr. Smita Prakash Wankhedkar

Address of Applicant :Assistant Professor Pratap College, Amalner, Dist. Jalgaon

3)Dr. Brijesh Sathian

Address of Applicant: Scientist, Geriatrics and Long term care Department, Rumailah Hospital, Hamad Medical Corporation, Doha, Qatar, P. O BOX 3050,

oha, Qatar -----

4)Prachi Subhash Giri Address of Applicant :Asst Professor at govt College of arts and science,

Aurangabad, India Aurangabad -----

5)Dr. Riya K S

Address of Applicant :Associate Professor, Department of Cse, Veltech Multitech

Dr Rangerajan Dr Sakunthala Engineering College Chennai Chennai

6)Dr. Om Teraiya

Address of Applicant :HoD, Atmiya University, Dept. of Science & Humanities alawad Rd, Nandanavan Society, Yogidham, Gurukul, Rajkot, Gujarat 360005. Rajkot

7)Mr. Jonnala Subba Reddy

Address of Applicant :Associate Professor Mechanical Engineering Lakireddy Bali Reddy College of Engineering, Mylavaram (A) Mylavaram , Andhra Pradesh -521230 Mylavaram --------

8)Dr Harishchander Anandaram

Address of Applicant :Assistant Professor Centre for Excellence in Computational Engineering and Networking Amrita Vishwa Vidyapeetham Coimbatore Tamil Nadu , India Coimbatore -------

(57) Abstract:

AI based Prevention and Prediction of Restless Legs Syndrome in Patients with Liver problem using Machine Learning and deep learning algorithms Abstract: Utilizing artificial intelligence in healthcare can help with patient care, diagnosis, and sleep problems. Researchers intended to determine the prevalence of restless leg syndrome (RLS) among type 2 diabetics. They did it by utilising multilayer perceptron technology, which is based on artificial intelligence (MLP). There were 300 cases of type 2 diabetes among people between the ages of 18 and 80. Using point-biserial and Pearson Chi-Square correlations, the connections between RLS and risk factors were analysed. For RLS, a backpropagation MLP trained with automated supervised learning was utilised. Up to 63 percent of participants developed increased blood pressure and peripheral neuropathy as a result of their medication (69 percent). The most often cited scaled features were fatigue (18 percent) and impact on mood (14 percent). Smoking, hypertension, and chronic renal failure are statistically significant risk factors for RLS (CRF). 95 percent of the time, the MLP model accurately anticipated the outcome, with a cross entropy error of only 0.5 percent. The most significant scored symptoms were need/urge to move, relief by moving, sleep disturbance, and impact on mood (51.3 percent). Using AI-based models to predict the onset of RLS symptoms will enable clinicians to take preventative actions to avoid subsequent difficulties.

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